

Year Group	AUT 1	AUT 2	SPR 1	SPR 2	SU 1	SU 2	
R New EYFS Profile	Early Learning Goal: The Natural World Children at the expected level of development will: Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants; Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has be read in class; Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter						
	All living things	Seasonal change	Animals including	Animals including	Plants (yr1 and yr	<u>Everyday</u>	
	and their habitats	and weather (yr1)	<u>humans.</u>	<u>humans.</u>	<u>2)</u>	<u>materials</u>	
	<u>(Yr 2)</u>					<u>(Yr 1)</u>	
		All living things and	Animals, including	Animals, including	Plants (yr1)	Use of everyday	
	(Do Year 1 pets	their habitats (yr 2)	humans (yr1)	humans (yr1)	-Identify and	materials (Yr2)	
	focus under this		-Identify and name a	-Describe and compare	name a variety of		
	section from	Seasonal changes	variety of common	the structure of a variety	common plants,	Everyday	
	animals including	(yr1)	animals that are birds,	of common animals	including garden	materials (yr1)	
	humans)	-Observe changes	fish, amphibians,	(birds, fish, amphibians,	plants, wild plants	-Distinguish	
Y1		across the four	reptiles, mammals and	reptiles, mammals and	and trees, and	between an objec	
Y2	Living things and	seasons	invertebrates	invertebrates, and	those classified as	and the material	
	their habitats	-Observe and		including pets (pets part	deciduous and	from which it is	
	(yr2)	describe weather	-Identify and name a	completed autumn	evergreen	made	
	-Identify that most	associated with the	variety of common	term))			
	living things live in	seasons and how	animals that are		-Identify and	-Identify and	
	habitats to which	day length varies.	carnivores, herbivores	-Identify, name, draw	describe the basic	name a variety of	
	they are suited		and omnivores	and label the basic parts	structure of a	everyday	
	and describe how	Living things and		of the human body and	variety of	materials,	
	different habitats	their habitats (yr2)		say which part of the	common	including wood,	
	provide for the	-Explore and	Animals, including	body is associated with	flowering plants,	plastic, glass,	
	basic needs of	compare the	humans (yr2)	each sense.	including trees.	metal, water, and	



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	different kinds of	differences	-Notice that animals,			rock
	animals and	between things	including humans, have	Animals, including		
	plants, and how	that are living,	offspring which grow	humans (yr2)	Plants (yr2)	-Describe the
	they depend on	dead, and things	into adults	-Describe the	-Observe and	simple physical
	each other	that have never		importance for humans	describe how	properties of a
		been alive	- Find out about and	of exercise, eating the	seeds and bulbs	variety of
	-Identify and		describe the basic needs	right amounts of	grow into mature	everyday
	name a variety of	-Describe how	of animals, including	different types of food,	plants	materials
	plants and animals	animals obtain	humans, for survival	and hygiene.		
	in their habitats,	their food from	(water, food and air)		-Find out and	-Compare and
	including micro-	plants and other			describe how	group together a
	habitats	animals, using the			plants need water,	variety of
		idea of a simple			light and a	everyday
		food chain, and			suitable	materials on the
		identify and name			temperature to	basis of their
		different sources of			grow and stay	simple physical
		food			healthy.	properties
		1000			Treaterry.	properties
						Uses of everyday
						materials (yr2)
						-Identify and
						compare the
						suitability of a
						variety of
						•
						everyday
						materials,
						including wood,
						metal, plastic,
						glass, brick, rock,
						paper and



						cardboard for particular usesFind out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.
Y3 Y4	States of matter(yr4) compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at	Animals including humans(yr4) describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying	Rocks(yr3) Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.	Sound (Y4) Pupils should be taught to: Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating Indicate find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it Indicate find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that	. Electricity (Y4) Pupils should be taught to: identify common appliances that run on electricity construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers identify whether or not a	Living things and their habitats identify and name a variety of living things (plants and animals) in the local and wider environment, using classification keys to assign them to groups recognise that environments can change and that this can



which this	producers,	produced	lamp will light in	sometimes pose
happens in	predators and	•	a simple series	dangers to living
degrees Celsius	prey		circuit, based on	things.
(°C)	Animals including		whether or not	
■ identify the	humans (yr3)		the lamp is part	
part played by	identify that		of a complete	
evaporation and	animals,		loop with a	
condensation in	including		battery	
the water cycle	humans, need		recognise	
and associate	the right types		that a switch	
the rate of	and amount of		opens and	
evaporation with	nutrition, and		closes a circuit	
temperature.	that they cannot		and associate	
	make their own		this with	
	food; they get		whether or not a	
	nutrition from		lamp lights in a	
	what they eat		simple series	
	identify that		circuit	
	humans and		recognise	
	some animals		some common	
	have skeletons		conductors and	
	and muscles for		insulators, and	
	support,		associate	
	protection and		metals with	
	movement.		being good	
			conductors.	
	identify that			
	humans and			
	some animals			
	have skeletons			
	and muscles for			



		support, protection and movement			
	Forces	Earth and Space	Properties and Changes of Materials	Living Things and	Animals including
	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:Compare and group together everyday materials	Their Habitats Pupils should be	humans Pupils should be
	• Explain that	Describe the	based on evidence from comparative and fair	taught to:	taught to:
	unsupported	movement of the	tests, including their hardness, solubility,	Describe how	Identify and
	objects fall	Earth, and other	transparency, conductivity (electrical and	living things are	name the main
Y5	towards the	planets, relative	thermal), and response to magnets	classified into	parts of the
Y6	Earth because of	to the sun in the	Understand that some materials will dissolve in	broad groups	human
	the force of	solar system	liquids to form a solution and describe how to	according to	circulatory
	gravity acting	 Describe the 	recover a substance from a solution	common	system, and
	between the	movement of the	 Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to 	observable	explain the
	Earth and the	moon relative to	decide how mixtures might be separated,	characteristics	functions of the
	falling object	the Earth	including through filtering, sieving and	and based on	heart, blood
	• Identify the	Describe the sun,	evaporating	similarities and	vessels and
	effects of air	Earth and moon	Give reasons, based on comparative and fair	differences,	blood
	resistance, water resistance and	as approximately	tests, for the particular uses of everyday	including micro- organisms,	Recognise the impact of diet,
	resistance and	spherical bodies	materials, including metals, wood and plastic	organisms,	impact of diet,



Curriculum Subject Coverage – Deerhurst and Apperley C of E Primary School - Subject Science 2022-23 Learning and living as children of God

(Ephesians5:1)(You are God's children whom he loves. Try to be like God)

friction, that act between moving surfaces • Understand that force and motion can be transferred through mechanical devices such as gears, pulleys, levers and springs Switched On Science: Let's Get Moving	Use the idea of Earth's rotation to explain day and night Switched On Science: Out of This World	 Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda Switched On Science: Material World 	plants and animals • Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics Switched on Science: Classifying Critters	exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function • Describe the way in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans Switched On Science: Staying Alive
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