LANGUAGES COVERAGE 2020-21(1)

Learning and living as children of God(Ephesians5:1)(You are God's children whom he loves. Try to be like God)

There will be a large emphasis on maths and English in any foundation subjects taught so cross curricular subjects will consist of any opportunity to write, integrated tasks and science will use opportunity to further emphasise maths. This will be a focus of our curriculum in the autumn term as we work through our post COVID Recovery Curriculum

	Pupils should be taught to:								
	 listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding 								
	• explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words								
	• engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*								
	 speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures 								
	• develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*								
SUBJECT CONTENT	 present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* 								
	 read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing 								
	 appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language 								
	• broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through								
	using a dictionary								
	 write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly 								
	 describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing 								
	• understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and								
	the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and								
	how these differ from or are similar to English.								
	2020-21								
YEAR THREE/FOUR	ALL AROUND TOWN	ON THE MOVE	GOING SHOPPING	WHERE IN THE	WHAT'S THE TIME	HOLIDAYS AND			
	 Ask and answer 	 Transport 	• Fruit	WORLD	 O'clock and half past 	HOBBIES			
	questions to find	 Using the verb 'to 	 Vegetables 	• Countries of the UK	 Quarter past and 	 Seasons and 			
	out where people	go'	 Express an opinion 	Ask/answer 'where	quarter to	months of the year			
	live	'en' and 'à'	 Quantifiers 	l live'	• First person, present	 Third person plural 			
	 Places in a town 	 Directions – left, 	 Changing 'the' to 	 Countries 	tense verbs to	of être (to be) – ils			
	 Tens numbers to 	right, straight on,	'some' – masculine	 Masculine and 	describe my day	sont (they are)			
	100	turn	and feminine	feminine nouns	 Before and after – 	 Describing the 			
	 Counting to 100 	 Ask for and give 	agreement	(countries)	avant et après	weather using the			
		directions	 Clothes 	• En, au à	 School subjects 	phrase 'il fait'			
		 Subject-verb 	 Position of 	prepositions		Masculine and			
		agreement	adjectives	Vrais/faux		feminine nouns			

			 Shops À la and au How much? 	 Animals Past tense Pronouns – il and elle 	 (countries) Using the correct masculine or feminine form of a preposition – en for feminine; au for masculine Using the possessive pronouns 'ma', 'mon' and 'mes' Sport To express preferences – I like/I love/I don't like/I hate
YEAR FIVE/SIX	 TIME TRAVELLING Numbers larger than 100 Conjugation of the verb 'avoir' – to have Dates Simple past tense form – passé compose, including the auxillary verb to be: être 	LET'S VISIT A FRENCH TOWN • Conjugating the verb 'habiter' – to live • Prepositions - à côté de (next to), en face de (opposite) • Comparing and ordering numbers to 1000 • Describing a home • Ordinal numbers	 LET'S GO SHOPPING Correct form of positional language Masculine and feminine form of colours Money 	 THIS IS FRANCE Using the correct form of de - du, de la, or de l' Numbers to 1000 Eight points of the compass Personal pronoun 'on' Present and imperfect tense – est –était Correct form of adjectives to describe nationality 	ALL IN A DAY • Time – o'clock, half past, quarter past, quarter to • Conjugate regular verbs • Time – five minute intervals • Time – 24 hour times