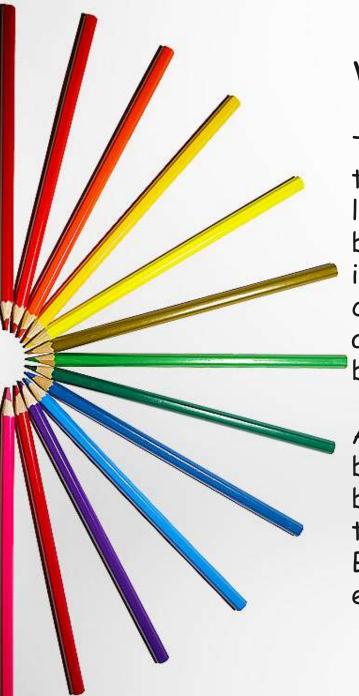
Welcome to Deerhurst and Apperley Church of England School Reception 2023- 2024



What to expect in Reception?

The Reception class is about much more than colours and shapes, numbers and letters. This is the year that your child becomes 'school-ready'; developing their independence, confidence, resilience and curiosity. It's an exciting time, for children and parents, as their Primary school career begins.

As parents, we can feel anxious as our child begins 'big school' - how will they cope in a big classroom and in a large playground? Will they make friends easily? But very soon most children adjust to their exciting new environment.

Steps to starting school

Build your child's confidence so that they start school confident, curious and ready to learn

Access more great advice, tips and downloadable resources at pacey.org.uk/schoolready

I know when

to wash my

hands and can

wipe my nose

I can go to

the toilet,

wipe myself

properly and

flush unaided

I am happy to

be away from

my parents or

main carer



I can follow instructions and understand the need to follow rules

l am able to ask for help if I don't feel well

> l can use a knife and fork and open my lunch on my own

I can button & unbutton my shirt, use a zip and put on my own shoes & socks

I enjoy making marks and have practised holding a pencil



More top tips:

- Get your child ready for their new routine by switching their meal times to match those of the school day
- Encourage your child to explore new environments and interact with new people
- Talk to your child about what they are most looking forward to at school
- ★ Let your child practise putting their new school uniform on and taking it off
- And remember, every child is different and starts school with different abilities



What will my child do in Reception?

This year your child will continue to learn by doing things for themselves, by exploring and investigating, watching and listening, talking and discussing, creating and communicating in other words — playing. Play is children's work and playing hard is very tiring! Your child may be really exhausted and perhaps a bit grumpy when they come home! If they don't want to talk about their day straight away, don't worry, they will gradually let you into their new world as time goes by.

Play can also be very messy as your child will be learning both inside the classroom with sand, water, paint, but also in the outdoors with mud, leaves etc. so you can expect some mucky clothes at the end of the day!

Why is the Reception class so important?

- Research shows that pupils have the biggest rate of learning from 3 - 6 years.
- Children who do well in Reception go on to achieve well throughout school.
- High expectations



Your child will be learning skills, acquiring new knowledge and demonstrating their understanding through 7 areas of learning and development.

Children should mostly develop the 3 prime areas first.

These are:

- 1. Communication and language
- 2. Physical development
- 3. Personal, social and emotional development

As children grow, the prime areas will help them to develop skills in 4 specific areas.

These are:

- 4. Literacy;
- 5. Mathematics;
- 6. Understanding the world;
- 7. Expressive arts and design

Speaking and listening

Speaking is a vital part to a child's development. It will help them make friends and ensure their needs and wants are met. Within the EYFS many aspects that children will need to achieve to meet their milestones have a focus around the ability to use language associated with the subject rather than showing a particular skill.

Collaborative play such Conversation time Remodel misuse of as board games encourage conversation language, encouraging full and turn taking sentences Singing and nursery Memory games rhymes

Phonics - Phase 1

different items inside

bottles, shake them to

guess what is inside.

Children progress better in Phonics when they have a secure understanding of rhyming and are able to hear different sounds.

> Phase One of Letters and Sounds concentrates on developing children's speaking and listening skills and lays the foundations for the phonic work which starts in Phase 2.

The emphasis during Phase 1 is to get children attuned to the sounds around them and ready to begin developing oral blending and segmenting skills. Listening bottles; put

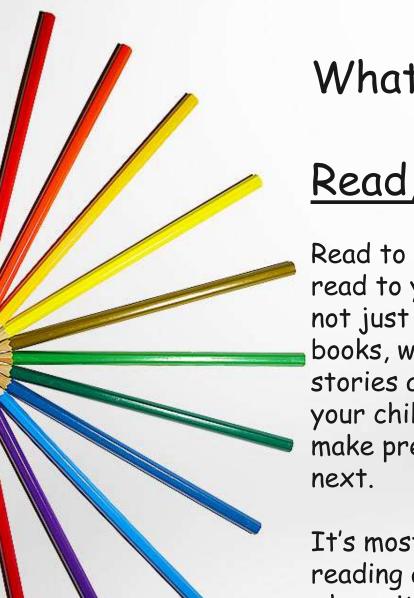
Rhyming

stories and

games

We're going on a sound hunt. What can

you hear?



What can you do to help?

Read, read, read

Read to your child and encourage them to read to you. Read anything and everything, not just the reading scheme books. Real books, with pictures, rhyme and enjoyable stories are crucial here. Try to encourage your child to talk about the pictures, or to make predictions about what will happen next.

It's most important for your child to enjoy reading above all, so try to relax, and stop when either of you begins to feel pressured or anxious.

Reading

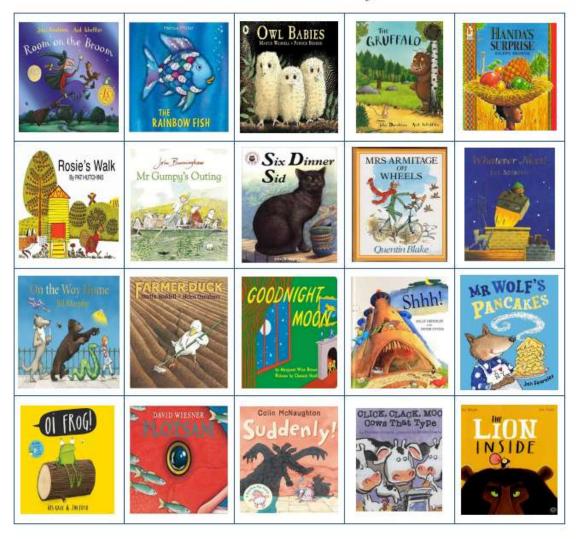
Establish a daily reading time before staring school where you read them stories, get them to look at the pictures and tell you what they think is happening.

Talk about the book and the story after reading. Did they like it or not? Why?

Try and foster an enjoyment of reading. Books, magazines etc

Run your finger under the words as you are reading.





20 brilliant books to read in Reception



Physical

Physical development involves providing opportunities for young children to be active and interactive; and to develop their co-ordination, control, and movement. Children must also be helped to understand the importance of physical activity, and to make healthy choices in relation to food. Both gross (large muscle movements) and fine (small movements) motor skills contribute to physical development.

Large muscles develop before small muscles.

Muscles in the body's core, legs and arms develop before those in the fingers and hands. Children learn how to perform gross motor skills such as walking before they learn to perform fine motor skills such as drawing.

The centre of the body develops before the outer regions. Muscles located at the core of the body become stronger and develop sooner than those in the feet and hands.

Development goes from the top down, from the head to the toes. This is why babies learn to hold their heads up before they learn how to crawl.





Getting dressed independently

It is really useful if you can encourage your child can have a go at dressing themselves at home so that they can do it themselves during the school day during PE and outdoor sessions.

Writing

Linked very closely to the development of the physical skills, until they have these secure they will find the act of writing challenging. Before starting school we do not expect children to be able to write lots. It is more important for children to be making marks and being able to talk about what they have drawn or tried to write.

It would be helpful for them to be able to recognise their name and to attempt writing it.



<u>Maths</u>

In Mathematics, the biggest focus is on developing mathematical language and being practical using manipulatives to help with their understanding.

You can help to promote mathematical language such as – heavy, light, empty, full, long, short, big, small in relevant contexts

What shapes can you see in the house? What colours are there? Can you notice any patterns? Maths can be done in very simple ways daily. Counting steps as you walk down the road or up the stairs.

Look at your home environment to develop language, especially positional words – small object in front of big object, behind, in, on

How many cars can you count, how many doors or what numbers are on the doors?

Our typical day for Reception Class School gate open from 8:40 am

8:45 am: Registration

9:00 - 9:30: Fine motor skills

9:30-10:30: Literacy activities and continuous provision

10:30-10:45: Break time

10:45-11:00: Phonics

11:30-12:30: Maths activities and continuous provision

12:30 - 1:30: Lunch time

Afternoons - mixture over the week of topic, science, music, R.E, computing and PE

Short teacher led input and continuous provision activities before the end of the school day finish from 2:50 pm – 3:00 pm

Transition in September

All Reception children starting school will start school on **Tuesday 5th** September 2023.

Children can be brought to the school gate from 8:40 am and ready for Registration at 8:45 am where there will a range of soft entry activities.

> Week 1 - 8:40am - 12:00pm Children attend school for mornings only

Week 2 - 8:40am - 1:00pm Children attend school for the morning and stay for lunch

Week 3 - 8:40am - 3:15pm Children to attend school for the full day

Date for diary: New Class invitation Tuesday 5th September 2023 at 3:15pm - 3:40pm - this will be to have another opportunity to visit school and know more about the learning and expectations of the class and for you to ask any questions.





- Talk positively about school, but don't over talk!
- Bring it up naturally if they ask or speak about going to school.



If they ask something you don't know the answer to, please email or call. Maybe we can help find the answer. Children will take their cues from you, the more positive, enthusiastic you are, the more likely they will be excited about starting school. Being nervous is normal!



